Team: The Cost of Opportunity: REVOLUTIONIZING PUBLIC HIGHER EDUCATION IN BRAZIL SINCE 2003
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Not Just Expansion, A Revolution

How to Understand Brazil’s Expansion of Higher Education Access since 2003?

| 2003: 3 million enrolled in all universities | 2014: 7.8 million overall |
| No public policies to expand access | New public policies to expand access: Reuni, Prouni, FIES |
| Limited Options, only in major cities: 48 universities, 148 campuses, 114 cities | Expanded Options, new universities & campuses: 63 university, 312 campuses, 275 cities |
| Vestibular: separate exams for each university | ENEM: single entrance exam for all universities |
| 7% of 18-24 year-olds enrolled. | 18% of 18-24 year-olds enrolled. |

Democratizing with Quotas

A vast expansion of high-quality federal, tuition-free higher education:

<table>
<thead>
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<th>2003</th>
<th>2014</th>
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<td>470,000</td>
<td>940,000</td>
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A national 2012 law mandates quotas in public higher education

- 50% of admissions slots are open to all
- 50% are reserved for those who attended public high school.
- 25% of slots for students from families earning up to 1.5 minimum wages
- 25% of slots for students from families earning more than 1.5 minimum wages
- 12.5% open slots
- 12.5% for those who are black, mixed or indigenous

The World Bank is Wrong!

The World Bank report of November 2017:
- Brazilian “higher education is highly inefficient, such that almost fifty percent of resources could be saved”
- Brazilian higher education is inequitable and favors the wealthy (they do not discuss quotas)

Recommendations:
- Reduce public spending per federal university student to levels equivalent to low-quality, for-profit sector of higher education
- Introduce tuition fees for federal universities

Enhancing Access and Equity

Brazil is among the 10 worst countries in the world in terms of distribution of wealth and racial inequality. As a result of the policies of left-center governments since 2003, socio-economically and racially marginalized people have now been incorporated into the student body of the elite federal universities. Put simply, the best universities are no longer an enclave of white, wealthy private school students, whose tuitions are paid by everyone’s taxes.

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