

CONCEPT PAPER TEMPLATE

Provisional Paper Title: suPAR, a new marker of chronic inflammation useful for studies of early-life risk and adult health

Proposing Author: Line Jee Hartmann Rasmussen

Author's Affiliation: Line Jee Hartmann Rasmussen, Clinical Research Centre, Copenhagen University Hospital Hvidovre, Kettegaard Allé 30, DK-2650 Hvidovre, Denmark

Author's Email: line.jee.hartmann.rasmussen@regionh.dk or line.hartmannrasmussen@gmail.com

P.I. Sponsor: Terrie Moffitt, Avshalom Caspi

Today's Date: July 26, 2017

Objective of the study:

To measure plasma levels of the chronic inflammation marker soluble urokinase plasminogen activator receptor (suPAR) and assess:

- Associations between childhood risk factors and suPAR at age 38 years
- Associations between suPAR and adult health outcomes, including measures of aging
- Associations between suPAR and DNA methylation patterns
- Compare suPAR and CRP, the current gold standard inflammation marker

Data analysis methods:

Correlation analyses investigating correlations between CRP or suPAR with clinical characteristics and biomarkers, including inflammatory markers and white blood cell counts.

Multiple linear regression models will be employed, investigating associations between childhood risk factors (childhood health, SES, IQ, self-control, prospectively collected adverse childhood experiences) and inflammation (assessed by CRP or suPAR) at age 38 years or associations between inflammation and adulthood health outcomes (including self-reported health, physical function, IQ, measures of aging, and telomere length).

All analyses will be adjusted for sex, and regression analyses will be further adjusted for BMI and smoking.

Variables needed at which ages:

Family history of disease:

- Any heart disease
- High blood pressure
- Stroke

- High cholesterol
- Diabetes

Childhood predictors:

- Self-control
- Social isolation
- SES, average high SES age 1-15
- ACEs
- Childhood IQ, full scale ages 7-11
- Childhood health

Variables at age 38:

- Self-rated health
- Body temperature
- Telomere length, from blood
- Smoking; current and life-time
- Physical activity; sport/leisure activity, “mets” per week
- Diet
- Anti-inflammatory medication
- Menstruation, week of cycle
- IQ, full scale
- Processing speed
- Physical limitations
- Balance
- Grandparent longevity
- Anthropometry:
 - o BMI
 - o Waist-hip ratio
- Markers of aging:
 - o Biological age, Klemera-Doubal method
 - o Pace of aging, scaled to years
 - o Facial aging
- Inflammatory markers:
 - o CRP
 - o Fibrinogen
 - o IL-6
 - o Inflammatory Factor Score
 - o suPAR
- White blood cells (WBC, neutrophils, monocytes, lymphocytes, basophils, eosinophils)

Significance of the Study (for theory, research methods or clinical practice):

A major public health challenge is to extend health span in the context of an ever-expanding aging population.^{1,2}

The basic foundations for lifelong health are thought to be constructed in the early years of life.³ Life-course research has drawn attention to several childhood risk factors that may compromise lifelong health⁴: poor health, socioeconomic disadvantage, low IQ,⁵ low self-control,⁶ and adverse childhood experiences (ACEs).⁷

Inflammation burden in the body is a strong predictor of clinical outcomes and mortality. Markers of inflammation have been used to link early life risk with adulthood health.^{8,9}

While the acute-phase reactant C-reactive protein (CRP) is commonly used as the gold standard inflammation marker both in the clinic and in life-course research,¹⁰ soluble urokinase plasminogen activator receptor (suPAR) is a newer biomarker of inflammation,¹¹ which appears to be correlated with chronic rather than acute inflammation. And although the two are positively correlated, they appear to capture different aspects of inflammation.¹²

suPAR concentration in blood is elevated upon activation of the immune system, and suPAR is associated with the development, presence, and progression of disease.^{11,13,14} Thus, suPAR levels are elevated across a wide range of diseases,¹⁵ including cardiovascular disease,¹⁶ type 2 diabetes,¹⁷ cancer,^{18,19} renal disease,²⁰ and infections.²¹ In addition, suPAR is a strong predictor of mortality, both in the general population and in patient populations.^{13,15}

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Data Security Agreement

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LJHR	I will not post data online or submit the data file to a journal for them to post. <i>Some journals are now requesting the data file as part of the manuscript submission process. The Dunedin Study cannot be shared because the Study Members have not given informed consent for unrestricted open access. Speak to Terrie or Avshalom for strategies for dealing with data sharing requests from Journals.</i>
LJHR	Before submitting my paper to a journal, I will submit my draft manuscript and scripts for data checking, and my draft manuscript for co-author mock review, allowing three weeks
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Signature: Line Jee Hartmann-Rasmussen

CONCEPT PAPER RESPONSE FORM

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Provisional Paper Title	suPAR, a new marker of chronic inflammation useful for studies of early-life risk and adult health
Proposing Author	Line Jee Hartmann Rasmussen
Other Contributors	Terrie Moffitt, Avshalom Caspi, Ben Williams, Jesper Eugen-olsen, Dan Belsky, HonaLee Harrington, Renate Houts, Karen Sugden, Richie Poulton
Potential Journals	JAMA Pediatrics, Biological Psychiatry, Molecular Psychiatry
Today's Date	July 26, 2017
Intended Submission Date	

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Comments:

Please check your contribution(s) for authorship:

<input type="checkbox"/>	Conceptualizing and designing the longitudinal study
<input type="checkbox"/>	Conceptualizing and collecting one or more variables
<input type="checkbox"/>	Data collection
<input type="checkbox"/>	Conceptualizing and designing this specific paper project
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