# MeSH Terminology for MEDLINE:

## Diagnosis

- The best single term to retrieve the most relevant citations:
  - sensitivity (textword)
- A comprehensive strategy retrieving the most citations:
  - explode sensitivity and specificity (MeSH)
  - OR all sensitivity (textword)
  - OR diagnosis (pre-exploded subheading)
  - OR diagnostic use (subheading)
  - OR specificity (textword)
- A strategy retrieving the most relevant citations:
  - explode sensitivity and specificity (MeSH)
  - OR predictive value: (textword)

## Therapy

- The best single term strategy that retrieves the most relevant articles:
  - clinical trial (publication type)
- A comprehensive strategy retrieving the most citations:
  - randomized controlled trial (publication type)
  - OR drug therapy (subheading)
  - OR therapeutic use (subheading)
  - Or all random: (textword)
- A strategy retrieving the most relevant citations:
  - double blind: (textword)
  - OR placebo: (textword)

## Prognosis

- The best single term to retrieve the most relevant citations:
  - exp cohort studies (MeSH)
- A comprehensive strategy retrieving the most citations:
  - incidence (MeSH)
  - OR exp mortality (MeSH)
  - OR follow-up studies (MeSH)
  - OR mortality (subheading)
  - OR prognos: (textword)
  - OR predict: (textword)
  - OR course (textword)
- A strategy retrieving the most relevant citations:
  - prognosis (MeSH)
  - OR survival analysis (MeSH)
### Etiology/Harm

- The best single term to retrieve the most relevant citations:
  - risk (textword)
- A comprehensive strategy retrieving the most citations:
  - explode cohort studies (MeSH)
  - OR exp risk (MeSH)
  - OR odds ratio: (textword)
  - OR relative risk (textword)
  - OR case control (textword)
- The strategy retrieving the most relevant citations:
  - case-control studies (MeSH)
  - OR cohort (textword)

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