

```
*****
```

```
***** Section 1: Regressions *****
```

```
*****
```

```
***** VAR1: PROP APPRECIATION *****
```

* check without intervention (base trend)

```
xtreg ia_total_appr ow, fe vce(cluster PIN_n)
```

* Preliminary step: ensure PINs are numbers, not strings

```
encode PIN_num, gen(PIN_n)
```

* Step 1: check for duplicates of same PIN/time combination, and set data as ///

panel data

duplicates list PIN_n time

```
xtset PIN_n time
```

* Step 2: run an xtreg. include controls for time fixed effects and zoning ///

(i. makes it categorical))

```
xtreg ia_total_appr ow##post_int i.time, fe vce(cluster PIN_n)
```

```
xtreg ia_total_appr ow##post_int i.time i.z_num, fe vce(cluster PIN_n)
```

* controlling for just zoning reduces the part of the overall observed trend ///

that might be attributal to zoning. Adding an ineraction between zoning and ///

the treatment tests whether the treatment had a different effect in different ///

zoning types -- only report on interaction coeff. if part of my main question ///

this is not what i want, want to know if intervention had diff effect in diff ///

zoning types, right?

```
xtreg ia_total_appr ow##post_int i.time i.z_num ow##i.z_num, ///
```

```
fe vce(cluster PIN_n)  
* check for multicollinearity  
vif  
coefplot
```

*** EXCLUDING RESIDENTIAL ***

```
* Preliminary step 1: create variable for only non-res properties  
gen appr_comm = ia_total_appr if z_num==2  
* Preliminary step 2: ensure PINs are numbers, not strings  
encode PIN_num, gen(PIN_n)  
xtreg appr_comm ow##post_int i.time, fe vce(cluster PIN_n)
```

***** VAR2: LAND ACTIVATION *****

```
* Preliminary step 1: create variable for only once-vacant properties  
gen vac_new = new_total1 if vacant_base_yr==1  
drop if vacant_base_yr==0  
* Preliminary step 2: ensure PINs are numbers, not strings  
encode PIN_num, gen(PIN_n)  
* Step 1: check for duplicates of same PIN/time combination, and set data as ///  
panel data  
duplicates list PIN_n time  
xtset PIN_n time  
* Step 2: run an xtreg. include controls for time effects  
xtreg new_total ow##post_int i.time, fe vce(cluster PIN_n)  
xtreg new_bldg ow##post_int i.time, fe vce(cluster PIN_n)
```

```
xtreg new_land ow##post_int i.time, fe vce(cluster PIN_n)
```

***** CLEANER TABLES *****

```
asdoc xtreg new_total ow##post_int i.time, fe vce(cluster PIN_n)
```

```
asdoc xtreg new_bldg ow##post_int i.time, fe vce(cluster PIN_n)
```

```
asdoc xtreg new_land ow##post_int i.time, fe vce(cluster PIN_n)
```

* (less good)

```
eststo model1: xtreg new_bldg ow##post_int i.time, fe vce(cluster PIN_n)
```

```
eststo model2: xtreg new_land ow##post_int i.time, fe vce(cluster PIN_n)
```

```
esttab using mytable.rtf, replace
```

*** LAND ACTIVATION OF VACANT PROPERTIES ONLY ***

***** Section 2: Charts *****

* NOTE: Some changes to chart titles and appearances made within the graph ///

editor; not recorded here

***** VAR1: PROP APPRECIATION *****

***** BOX CHART *****

* TITLE: Property Value Appreciation across time for the Treatment and ///

Control Groups

* Land Activation levels across time for the Treatment and Control Groups

* Step 1: represent the total appr variable as a percentage

```
gen ia_prctg = ia_total_appr*100
```

* Step 2: Create the box chart

```
graph box ia_appr_prctg, over(ow) over(time) nooutsides asyvars      ///
```

```
title("title")      ///
```

```
legend(rows(1) position(12))      ///
```

```
ytitle("Appreciation")      ///
```

```
xtitle("Time")
```

*** simple box chart (starting point) ***

```
graph box ia_total_appr, over(ow) over(time) nooutsides
```

***** LINE BTWN MEANS *****

* TITLE: Mean Property Value Appreciation in each Time Period for the ///

Treatment and Control Groups

* Step 1: represent the total appr variable as a percentage

```
gen ia_prctg = ia_total_appr*100
```

* Step 2: Generate mean variables for each time period, for control and treatment

```
collapse (mean) ia_prctg, by(ow time)
```

```
reshape wide ia_prctg, i(time) j(ow)

* Step 3: create line chart connecting means for the trtmnt and control

line ia_prctg0 ia_prctg1 time, ///

lpattern(solid dash) ///

lcolor(blue navy) ///

lwidth(medthick medthick) ///

legend(label(1 "control") label(2 "treatment")) ///

title("title") ///

ytitle("mean") ///

xtitle("time")
```

* TITLE: Median Property Value Appreciation in each Time Period for the ///
Treatment and Control Groups

* Step 1: Make the total appr variable percentage

```
gen ia_prctg = ia_total_appr*100
```

* Step 2: Generate median variables for each time period, for control and trtmnt
collapse (median) ia_prctg, by(ow time)

```
reshape wide ia_prctg, i(time) j(ow)
```

* Step 3: create line chart connecting medians for the trtmnt and control

```
line ia_prctg0 ia_prctg1 time, ///
```

```
lpattern(solid dash) ///
```

```
lcolor(blue navy) ///
```

```
lwidth(medthick medthick) ///
```

```
legend(label(1 "control") label(2 "treatment")) ///
```

```
title("title") ///
```

```
ytitle("mean") ///
```

```
xtitle("time")
```

*** EXCLUDING RESIDENTIAL ***

* TITLE: Mean Property Value Appreciation for Only Commercial and Industrial ///

Properties

* Step 1: Generate a total appr variable that excludes residential ///

properties, and represent as a percentage

```
gen noR_total = ia_total_appr if zc_num!=1
```

```
gen noR_totalprctg = noR_total*100
```

* Step 2: Generate mean variables for each time period, for control and trtmnt

```
collapse (mean) noR_totalprctg, by(ow time)
```

```
reshape wide noR_totalprctg, i(time) j(ow)
```

* Step 3: create line chart connecting means for the trtmnt and control

```
line noR_totalprctg0 noR_totalprctg1 time, ///
```

```
lpattern(solid dash) ///
```

```
lcolor(blue navy) ///
```

```
lwidth(medthick medthick) ///
```

```
legend(label(1 "Two-way") label(2 "One-way")) ///
```

```
title("title") ///
```

```
ytitle("Mean Appreciation Value") ///
```

```
xtitle("Time")
```

* TITLE: Median Property Value Appreciation for Only Commercial and ///

Industrial Properties

* Step 1: Generate a total appr variable that excludes residential ///

properties, and represent as a percentage

```

gen noR_total = ia_total_appr if zc_num!=1

gen noR_totalprctg = noR_total*100

* Step 2: Generate median variables for each time period, for control and treatment

collapse (median) noR_totalprctg, by(ow time)

reshape wide noR_totalprctg, i(time) j(ow)

* Step 3: create line chart connecting medians for the treatment and control

line noR_totalprctg0 noR_totalprctg1 time, ///
lpattern(solid dash) ///
lcolor(blue navy) ///
lwidth(medthick medthick) ///
legend(label(1 "Two-way") label(2 "One-way")) ///
title("title") ///
ytitle("Median Appreciation Value") ///
xtitle("Time")

```

***** MARGINS PLOT *****

```

*** POTENTIALLY MORE POWERFUL THAN RAW MEANS... but harder to interpret

xtreg ia_total_appr ow##i.time, fe vce(cluster PIN_n)

margins ow, at(time=(1 2 3 4 5))

marginsplot, title("Predicted Property Appreciation Over Time") ///
legend(rows(1) position(12)) ///
legend(label(1 "Two-way") label(2 "One-way")) ///
title("title")

```

```

* include intervention? (DIDN'T WORK) ///

xtreg ia_total_appr ow##post_int i.time, fe vce(cluster PIN_n) ///

```

```
margins ow, at(time=(1 2 3 4 5)) ///
marginsplot, title("Predicted Property Appreciation Over Time")
```

```
***** VAR2: LAND ACTIVATION *****
```

```
***** BAR CHART *****
```

```
* TITLE: Land Activation Levels across Time for the Treatment and ///
```

Control Groups

```
* Step 1: For each time period and group (trtmnt or control), create variable ///
```

```
= count of properties that either: (a) went from land value=0 to positive ///
```

```
land value (developable land creation) or (b) went from bldg value=0 to ///
```

```
positive bldg value (new construction)
```

```
bysort time: egen count_new = total(new_total >= 1) if ow==1
```

```
bysort time: egen count_newC = total(new_total >= 1) if ow==0
```

```
replace count_new = count_newC if count_new==.
```

```
drop count_new0
```

```
* Step 2: Create Bar chart
```

```
graph bar (mean) count_new, over(ow) over(time) asyvars  ///
```

```
title("title")  ///
```

```
legend(rows(1) position(12))
```

```
***** LINE BTWN COUNTS *****
```

```
* TITLE: Land Activation Levels across Time for the Treatment and ///
```

Control Groups

```
* Step 1: Generate mean variables for each time period, for control and treatment
```

```
collapse (mean) count_new, by(ow time)
```

```
reshape wide count_new, i(time) j(ow)
```

* Step 2: Create Line Graph

```
line count_new0 count_new1 time, ///
lpattern(solid dash) ///
lcolor(blue red) ///
lwidth(medthick medthick) ///
legend(label(1 "control") label(2 "treatment")) ///
title("Title") ///
ytitle("Number of Activated Properties") ///
xtitle("Time")
```

*** LAND ACTIVATION OF VACANT PROPERTIES ONLY ***

* TITLE: Land Activation of Vacant Properties for the Treatment and ///

Control Groups

* Step 1: create variable of only properties vacant in the base year

```
gen vacant = new_total if vacant_base==1
```

* Step 2: Generate mean variables for each time period, for control and treatment

```
bysort time: egen count_new = total(vacant_base >= 1) if ow==1
```

```
bysort time: egen count_new0 = total(vacant_base >= 1) if ow==0
```

```
replace count_new = count_new0 if count_new==.
```

```
drop count_new0
```

* Step 3: Create Line Graph

```
line count_new0 count_new1 time, ///
lpattern(solid dash) ///
lcolor(blue red) ///
lwidth(medthick medthick) ///
legend(label(1 "control") label(2 "treatment")) ///
```

```
title("Title") ///
ytitle("Number of Activated Properties") ///
xtitle("Time")
```

***** Notes *****

* Controls: factor variables (i.___) and interaction (ow*i.___)

***** SCRAP *****

* mean_var1: the mean of variable1 by time.

* sd_var1: the standard deviation of variable1 by time.

* upper_var1: the upper bound of the standard deviation (mean + SD).

* lower_var1: the lower bound of the standard deviation (mean - SD).

```
twoway (scatter total_appr time_jitter if ow==0, msymbol(circle) lcolor(red)) (scatter
total_appr time_jitter if ow==1, msymbol(circle) lcolor(blue)) (rcap lower_appr_TW
upper_appr_TW time)      (rcap lower_appr_OW upper_appr_OW time), ysc(range(-0.3
0.3))
```

```
twoway (scatter total_appr time_jitter if ow==0, msymbol(circle) lcolor(red)) (scatter
total_appr time_jitter if ow==1, msymbol(circle) lcolor(blue)), ysc(range(-0.3 0.3))
```

title("Property Appreciation with Standard Deviation Bars")

xlabel(, grid) ylabel(, grid)

xtitle("Time") ytitle("Property Appreciation")

* Scatter plot w std. dev.

* Calculate the means and SDs across each time period

bysort time: egen mean_appr_OW = mean(total_appr) if ow==1

bysort time: egen sd_appr_OW = sd(total_appr) if ow==1

gen upper_appr_OW = mean_appr_OW + sd_appr_OW

gen lower_appr_OW = mean_appr_OW - sd_appr_OW

bysort time: egen mean_appr_TW = mean(total_appr) if ow==0

bysort time: egen sd_appr_TW = sd(total_appr) if ow==0

gen upper_appr_TW = mean_appr_TW + sd_appr_TW

gen lower_appr_TW = mean_appr_TW - sd_appr_TW

* zoom in without outliers

* remove outliers: A common rule is to define outliers as values that fall outside the range of 1.5 times the IQR above the upper quartile or below the lower quartile.

* Step 1: Calculate the 25th (Q1) and 75th (Q3) percentiles for each time period

bysort time: egen p25 = pctile(total_appr), p(25)

bysort time: egen p75 = pctile(total_appr), p(75)

* Step 2: Calculate the IQR (Interquartile Range) for each time period

bysort time: gen IQR = p75 - p25

* Step 3: Define the lower and upper bounds for outliers

```
bysort time: gen lower_bound = p25 - 1.5 * IQR
```

```
bysort time: gen upper_bound = p75 + 1.5 * IQR
```

* Step 4: Drop observations that fall outside the IQR bounds

```
bysort time: drop if total_appr < lower_bound | total_appr > upper_bound
```

* Step 5: Drop the temporary variables created for bounds

```
drop p25 p75 IQR lower_bound upper_bound
```

* prop_analysis_1.txt